Feedback advice, from: Arata, Ray. 2022. Showing Up: How Men Can Become Effective Allies in the Workplace. Diversion Books. ISBN: 9781635769111

Accepting Feedback (pp.134-135)

- 1. Consider that the feedback given to you is supportive and can contribute to your growth. It took courage for someone to share that with you.
- 2. Be calm and find your center. Remember that this is their experience, that they have taken some risk to be vulnerable.
- 3. As you listen to the feedback, notice the feelings that come up inside you. Do you feel fear, shame, sadness, anger? Breath and stay silent.
- 4. Notice if you want to defend, disagree, or offer an explanation. You are still in listening mode; stay silent. Focus on connecting to their experience and what happened to them.
- 5. Take a beat: Consider that the very thing you want to defend, disagree, or explain is perhaps the very thing you need to look at and get support around.
- 6. Say, "Thank You. I'm sorry, and I will work on this."
- 7. Honor your own process and proceed to the clean-up conversation model when ready.

Organizational Accountability (pp.136-137)

Part One: Taking Accountability

- 1. Ask yourself, "Did this occurrence happen on my watch?"
- 2. If yes, then ask, "What is my part in this that contributed to this occurrence?" This could be your lack of awareness, your silence, not setting expectations, and more.
- 3. Then ask, "Who or what is truly important to me, such that I would be willing to make a commitment to do/say something differently?" Presumably, it's the health and well-being of the individual, your team, and the culture of your [organization]. It needs to be important enough to make a commitment to.
- 4. "What is my commitment to action?" This last step is the most important because the action you decide to take is designed to be the new behavior.

Part Two: Giving Feedback (pp.137-138)

Your responsibility as an inclusive leader will necessitate difficult conversations. There will be times when you need to bring to another [person's] attention the impact of [their] language or actions on another person. After you have run the accountability process on yourself, you are ready to give feedback to the transgressor.

- 1. Approach the individual and share that you have some feedback for them. Ask them if they are open to receiving it.
- 2. Emphasize that you are bringing them this feedback in support of them, and that it is part of your responsibility to create inclusive environments.
- 3. Make sure they are present to hear this; this cannot be done over email or phone.
- 4. Encourage them to resist defending, explaining, or mentioning that it wasn't their intent.
- 5. Share the data: "When you said this/did this ..."
- 6. Share the impact, ... Let them know that their focus needs to be on the other person's experience.
- 7. If necessary, share your own experiences of making these human mistakes.
- 8. Allow them a moment to take it in.
- 9. Ask them to share back to you what they heard.
- 10. If they are amenable, direct them to the clean-up conversation process.